BRYAN TO LUNCH WITH HILL

CONVENIENT FRIENDS ARRANGE THE MEETING.

MAKING THE DESCENT OF THE SENATOR TO THE RANKS OF THE REVOLUTIONISTS AS EASY

AS POSSIBLE-THE CANDIDATE

AT CHURCH. Barrytown, N. Y., Aug. 23.-According to present arrangements, William J. Bryan will lunch with David B. Hill in Albany Tuesday afternoon. Mr. Bryan will not say so, but the statement is nevertheless true. When the representative of the United Associated Presses asked the Democratic candidate about the matter this evening Mr. Bryan answered, after thinking a mir or two, that he was not fully informed concerning the arrangements of his Albany visit, and would not give any information on the subject. That was all he would say. It is understood that the meeting between the nominee and the Senator was provided for by triends of both, without any direct communication between the two principals. The negotiations were conducted quietly and with the greatest accreey. Mr. Bryan and Senator Hill will have little time to talk politics in Albany. was a rumor at Upper Red Hook the day Mr. Bryan accepted the invitation to be the guest of Chairman Hinkley of the State Democratic Committee at Winnisook Lodge, in the Catskills, that Hill would meet him in the quiet of that countain camp, where they would be interruption and from the likelihood of having too much public attention drawn to their conference Bryan has promised to stay over to-night at the lodge, the idea seemed more reasonable than a meeting in Albany, with all the rush and bustle that will probably attend the candidate's He is down for a speech in the Capitol City, and a handshaking reception is also contemplated, so that the call on Senator Hill at Wolfert's Roost, the Senator's house, must neces

Mr. Bryan and Senator Hill have undoubtedly reached an understanding, through those who conducted the negotiations for their consultation, as to the ground on which each shall stand when they come together, and with such a foundation to start from they can perfect any mutual agreement in much shorter time than they could if there had en no prearrangement. When Mr. Bryan leaves Winnisook Lodge Tuesday afternoon he will be more familiar with what the Democratic State organization proposes with regard to his candidacy. Chairman Hinkley will, in all likelihood, make him better acquainted with the position Senator Hill intends to assume. Mr. Hill and Major Hinkley stand close to each other in political matters, and the be lief has been that the State chairman is authorized to speak with some degree of authority for the Senator. That visit to Winnisook Lodge will extend from to-morrow evening until the next afternoon, The lodge consists of a collection of cottages situated in an isolated locality on Slide Mountain. Thomas E. Benedict, Public Printer at Washingtor, is the president of the club which owns the cottages, and rearly all the other members are promiidentified with the Democratic party in New-York State.

Mr. and Mrs. Bryan will say goodby to upper Red Hook at noon to-morrow and proceed to Rhine-cliff by carriage. A tug will be at Rhinecliff at 2 o'clock to carry them across the Hudson to Ron-dout, where they are to take the Ulster and Delaware Railroad for Big Indian. It is ten miles by mountain roads from Big Indian to Winnisook dge, and the candidate and his wife are likely to be late in reaching their resting place. Tuesday they will leave Winnisook Lodge in time to catch the New-York Central train leaving Rhinecliff at 2:20 p. m. They are scheduled to arrive in

at 4:05 p. m., and will start for Syracuse at 7:55.

Rain was pouring down when Mr. Bryan left the house of his host. Mr. Perrine, to attend services at the Upper Red Hook Dutch Reformed Church this morning. The church is situated about 100 yards from Mr. Perrine's house, and the candidate walked over with Mr. Perrine by his side. There was no unusual crowd present. The Rev. O. D. Lydecker, the pastor of the church, conducted the services, and in his prayer thus referred to Mr. Bryan: "And especially bless Thy servant, whom have in our midst. Thy honored servant Fill him with wisdom and power for the anxfatigue of the coming days, and fill him with hope and confidence in all Thy purposes concorning him and these people."

The sermon was preached by the Rev. Dr. Robert H. Barr, of the Associated Reformed Church of Newburg. He took his text from II Church of Newburg. He took his text from It Kings xiii, 18-19. He made no direct reference to the Democratic candidate nor to the political situation. After the services both ministers came down from the pulpit and shook hands with Mr. Bryan, many of the congregation doing the same. The position taken by President Lewis Miller, of the Chautauqua Assembly, concerning the report that the Democratic candidate would speak at Chautauqua next Sunday, is indorsed by Mr. Bryan. Several newspapers contain a statement from

that the Democratic candidate would speak at Chautauqua next Sunday, is indorsed by Mr. Bryan. Several newspapers contain a statement from President Miller denying that Mr. Bryan would speak there unless an arrangement could be made to have Major McKinley appear, and when this was shown Mr. Bryan, he said: 'I shall not speak there. Being interested in Chautauqua work, my wife and I will avail ourselves of the opportunity to see the parent association. The work of the association is non-partisan, and the president is quite right in saying that neither candidate should speak there unless both are invited."

A number of people called at the Perrine house to-day to see Mr. Bryan. In spite of the muddy roads, seventeen blevelists, including one woman, rode over from Hudson, a distance of seventeen miles. They were headed by ex-District-Attorney McCormick, of Columbia County. Mr. and Mrs. Bryan presented to them buttons bearing the picture of the candidate. Moody Boynton, of Newburyport, Mass., was snother caller. He told Mr. Bryan that he had been a Republican, but was now a silver man, and gave the candidate advice about conducting the campaign. A. R. Roeder, of New-York, whom Mr. Bryan had known in Nebraska, and E. B. Platt, also of New-York, who wouldn't say what his busines was, but denied any relationship to T. C. Platt, also braved six miles of mud between Barrytown Station and Upper Red Hook to see the candidate.

Albany, N. Y. Aug. 23—Ex-Senator Norman T.

Albany, N. Y., Aug. 23.-Ex-Senator Norman T. Chase, chairman of the Democratic City Committee, was asked to-day whether he knew anything about the story that Mr. Bryan was to be entertained by Senator Hill at Wolfert's Roost while in Albany.

Mr. Chase said: "Yes. As a matter of personal courtesy to the distinguished visitor to Albany, Senator Hill, through the committee, has invited Mr. Bryan and his wife and a few personal friends to dine with him at Wolfert's Roost on Tuesday afternoon at 50 clock, and Mr. Bryan has accepted the invitation."

Asked whether Senator Hill would preside at the meeting to be held at 6:30 clock on Ciry Hall Square, when Mr. Bryan makes a speech, Mr. Chass-said: "The meeting is to be very simple in its character and of brief duration. Mr. Bryan will not speak for more than half an hour, and possibly not longer than twenty minutes. Almost immediately after he finishes it will be necessary for Mr. Bryan to start for the railroad station. The people will be anxious only to hear the Democratic candidate for President. No one could address so large a multitude in advance of Mr. Bryan with advantage, and after he concindes his address, it is likely. —at every one will wish to shake Mr. Bryan's hand. So there will be so much confusion we think it impossible to have a speaker follow him. While the citizens of Albany are always delighted to hear their distinguished fellow-townsman Senator Hill, the Committee of Arrangements does not think it best to ask Senator Hill to speak or preside at this time." Hill at Wolfert's Roost while in Albany

"UNCLE HOD" BOIES ON THE STUMP.

Rheinbeck, Iowa, Auk. 23.-Fifteen hundred people attended the Democratic meeting here vesterday, at which Governor Boles was to make his first speech of the campaign. The opening address was by F. M. Goodykoonts, and when he had closed, Governor



influence of freedom." Our Fall Carpets have been selected with a due regard to has been trying hard to secure Republican indorse-grace as Schiller defines it. The flowers seem to have grown on the loom of the dexterous weaver. They are not has been renominated. His opponent is a colored

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He spoke but a few minutes. He said that until this year both parties were pledged to the use of both gold and sliver alike. The St. Louis platform follows the lead of England. He said the so-called debased currency which sliver would give simply meant better prices for products. Governor Boles will deliver his address at Waterloo next Saturday night.

THE POPOCRATS APPEAL FOR FUNDS. A TOUCHING INVITATION TO THE MASSES TO CON-TRIBUTE THEIR SAVINGS TOWARD RE-

PUDIATION AND BRYAN. Chicago, Aug. 23 .- The following appeal for camaign funds was made last night in an address "To

"The Democratic party in the present contest is THE MOVEMENT GROWING BEYOND ALL M'KINLEY ENDS A BUSY WEEK the People of the United States!': engaged in the defence of the plain people against the encroachments of the favored classes. This is purely an economic issue. In its importance, however, it overshadows every question which has occupied public attention since the tragic campaign of 1860. presents the alternative at once and terrible. It is imperative because delay may take from us the possibility of choice, and terrible because of the dire consequences which must fol-

low failure. "Is the American Union big enough, strong enough and patriotic enough to have its own financfal policy? If not, then we are the serfs of the money changers of Europe and their agents in this country, and are doomed to a vassal ge more ignominious and more degrading than that against which our fathers fought a century ago manhood, our freedom, the fruits of our industry, the integrity of our homes, everything that enlightened men hold dear-all these are the playthings of allens and the prey of usurers.

"The American people are not ready to surrender the liberties for which their forefathers shed their blood. We believe that liberty and self-government are destined to remain the heritage of this splendid nation; that we shall not be fated to become a living lie, a nation of slaves, callous and degraded enough to wear only the mask of free-

"We have allied against us in this contest not only the financial forces of Europe, last the subsidized press and all the monopolies and trusts here at home, who are determined, if possible, to

"To eppose them we must rely upon the patriotism and heroic manliness of the plain people-the toilers who create the wealth which speculators absorb. With unlimited money in their hands, our nemies are printing and distributing misleading and untruthful statements; hired -peakers emissaries are everywhere attempting to mislead and delude the people.

"To meet and counteract this we must distribute documents for the dissemination of the truth; we

documents for the dissemination of the truth; we must explode their fallacies, their missiztements and their utter selfshness.

"To do so we need money at once, and can only hope for help from the plain people. We ask only for the necessary means to conduct a vigorous and aggressive campaign. No matter la how small sums; no matter what humble contributions, let the friends of liberty and National bener contribute all they can to the good cause. To the overflowing treasury of the money power we will oppose the accumulated offerings of the masses fighting to he free, and ask the Ruler of the universe for His blessing.

"Wherever there is a bank or money-order office, remittances may easily be made to William P. St. John, treasurer of the National Democratic Committee, Hotel Bartholdi, New-York City.
"A receipt will be returned in every instance.
"When victory is achieved over the unscrupulous combination which is endeavoring to thrust William McKinley into the Presidential chair, the recorded list of the contributors to this good cause will be a roll of honor of which any one may well be proud.

"JAMES K. JONES,
"Chairman Democratic National Committee."

ENTHUSIASM IN COLORADO SPRINGS. S. W. M'CALL ADDRESSES A LARGE MEETING-A

M'KINDEY CLUB FORMED. Colorado Springs, Col., Aug. 23.-S. W. McCall, of Massachusetts, addressed a large and enthusiastic meeting of Republicans in this city last evening. He devoted his speech largely to the silver question, and made an argument for the preservation of the existing standard. The Democrats, he said, pretend to be for bimetallism, and offer the specious plea that we ought to be patriotic enough o have a financial policy for this country distinct from the financial policy of the rest of the "I should prefer an American system," he said, "if we could have one; but as between a European

and a Chinese system, I prefer the European." He reviewed the coinage laws of this country and showed that wages will buy more now than they did in 1873. He alleged that the wage-earners are the greatest creditor class in the country, instead of being a debtor class. He closed with an appeal for the restoration of the revenue policy which made the United States prosperous for many years, and of which the embodiment and highest exemplar is William McKinley.

Congressman Apsley addressed a crowded audience at Colorado City this evening. A McKinley club of 350 members was formed, largely composed of workingmen. He reviewed the coinage laws of this country

GOMPERS FOR CHEAP MONEY.

Indianapolis, Aug. 23.-President Compers of the American Federation of Labor, in an interview last evening, reiterated his position in favor of free silver. "I don't care to undertake," he said, "to advise the memoers of the unions in the Federation how to vote this fall. I think they all understand the position the Federation took long ago on this subject, and has ever since maintained. Our organ-ization in three successive conventions had declared in favor of free silver, and it has been recognized as a part of its economic creed. Personally, I am in favor of it." advise the members of the unions in the Federation

NO FUSION IN COLORADO.

Denver, Col., Aug. 23.-A secret conference of leadng Populists of the State was held here yesterday It developed that the sentiment was nearly unanimous against a fusion with the Democrats upon the plan outlined by the latter at the Pueblo Conventor. pleases the silver Republicans, who hope thereby to win the State on a straight party ticket. It now seems that four State tickets are inevitable.

MIKINLEY'S STRENGTH IN NEW-YORK STATE. Chicago, Aug. 23.-Police Commissioner Theodore Roosevelt, of New-York, was a visitor at Republican National Headquarters yesterday. To a reporter for the United Associated Presses he said: "New-York State will give McKinley the largest majority that any Presidential candidate ever received. The only question is whether the party will get a majority in New-York City. Tammany is not giving the Democratic ticket enthusiastic support. Our factional differences will not interfere in the least with the polling of a tremendous Republican vote."

NORTH CAROLINA POLITICS.

A GENERAL MIX-UP IN THE CONGRESS DISTRICTS.

Washington, Aug. 23 (Special).-Senator Butler oc cupled his new Populist headquarters to-day on the H-st, side and on the ground floor of the Wormley Hotel Building. He was asked by a Tribune corment of the Populist Convention in Representative Democratic candidate, W. W. Kitchin, "Well," said the Senator, with one of those cold, cunning smiles for which he is famous, "the Popullsis get in their work when the field is ready. Did you not notice that four counties of that district indicated in ad-vance what the result would be? I cannot tell you fact, the Scilon in the Vih District of North Carolina was consistent entirely with Populist action elsewhere. There is to be fusion whenever and wherever and with whomsoever it is supposed to

serve Populist interests. Mr. Settle, having consistently opposed an alliance with the Populist party in National concerns, is not perhaps as much in favor with Mr. Butler and his people as Mr. Linney, the picturesque member of Congress from the VIIIth District. The latter has been indorsed by the Populists and is making his canvass on protection and honest election laws. His opponent is the present Lieutenant-Governor, Rufus A. Doughton. The other districts so far as heard from show the following facts as respects fusion:

In the 1st Mr. Skinner, Populisi, sitting member, will have only a Democrat for his opponent. Skinner Republican, ex-Solicitor White, brother-in-law of ex-Congressman Cheatham. The Democrats hope the Populists will nominate a candidate, as they did in 1884 if they do not support Mr. Woodard. The probabilities for a Republican-Populist combination on Congress are remote. The Democrats likewise rely on a renewal of the old feud between the brothers-in-law. In 1894 Cheatham was nominated over White, but this year White secured the nomination over Cheatham. The field elsewhere in the State is more inviting for the Republicans. The Democrats nominated in the IIId District, at present represented by John G. Shaw, Frank Thompson, brother of the late contestant for the seat, Dr. Cyrus P. Thompson, a noted Populist. The Populist candidate is State Senator Fowler, of Sampson County. It is expected that the Republicans will support him. The Populists in the IVth District have renominated Representative Strowd, a plain, venerable farmer. The Republicans have nominated E. W. Pou. There are two crasts have nominated E. W. Pou. There are two crasts have nominated. The control of the particle of the particle of the particle of the particle of the sitting member, the like the stiff, unnaturally designed carpets which are the Republican, ex-Solicitor White, brother-in-law of

Rev. Charles H. Martin, running in the VIth (Wilmington-Charlotte) District. The Democrats have renominated James A. Lockhart, who lost the seat near the close of the late session. Whether the Republicans will nominate a candidate in the VIIth District is doubtful. They supported A. C. Shaferd, Populist, in 1894, and Shaferd has just been renominated by the Populists. Mr. Linney, in the VIIIth District, has a good chance for re-election. He is a vigorous canvasser, and it is doubtful if six Democratic rival is altogether his equal on the stump and as a canvasser for votes. In the IXth District, which is very close, Representative Pearson has a formidable antagonist in Mr. Adams, but Mr. Pearson is a man of resources and can be relied upon to take care of himself.

SOUND-MONEY MEN PLEASED.

EXPECTATIONS.

CHEERED BY THE POPULAR TEST IN KENTUCKY AND ILLINOIS-THE COMING CONVENTION.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 23.-Sound-Money Democrats from throughout the country who drop into the headquarters of the National Democracy here to look over the ground and estimate the prospects for the Convention declare that the movement is gaining strength beyond their expectations, and 's developing a force they little hoped for when they launched it. Since the first test of the popular strength of the movement was made in Kentucky the leaders have received encouraging reports of its progress. The turnout at the primary elections for delegates to the Convention in Illinois yesterday was an agreeable surprise to them. Mr. Byreturned this morning more than pleased with the receptions accorded him at Peoria, where he spoke Friday night, and at Monticello, Ind., where he talked to 2,000 people yesterday.

It is generally understood among the members of the National Committee that the New-York delegation shall be permitted to name the temporary chairman of the Convention, and it is the supposition that it will select Bourke Cockran, though this can hardly be determined until the delegation this can hardly be arrives on the ground. For permanent chairman arrives on the ground. For permanent chairman there has been much talk of Senator Vilas, of Wisconsin, but during the last few days Vilas has loomed up in large proportions as a possibility for the Presidential nomination, and if this seems probable when the Convention meets the permaprobable when the Convention meets the permanent chairman will probably be taken from the South, and there is much talk of Senator Caffery, of Louislana, and ex-Governor Jones, of Alabama, for the position.

The correspondence of the Executive Committee indicating a large attendance upon the Convention is borne out by the hotel engagements that have been pouring in since Friday night in a manner that at first tickled the bonifaces and now alarms them.

SECRETARY MORTON'S PLAIN WORDS. THE HEAD OF THE AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT

MAY HEAD THE SOUND MONEY TICKET. Des Moines, Iowa, Aug. 23.-L. M. Martin, National committeeman for Iowa in the Sound Money Democratic organization, is in receipt of a letter from J. Sterling Morton which Iowa Sound Money Democrats are disposed to take as a declaration that Mr. Morton s willing to be nominated for President by the Indianapolis Convention. Mr. Morton was asked to attend the Iowa Sound Money Democratic Convention next week. He was unable to do so. In declining he wrote the letter, which follows:

wrote the letter, which follows:
Arbor Lodge, Nebraska City, Neb., August 20, 1896.
L. M. Martin, Esq., Marshalitown, Iowa.
My Dear Sir: I have your highly appreciated invitation on behalf of the Provisional State Committee of the Sound Money Democrats of Iowa to address the National Democratic State Convention in Des Molnes, Wednesday, August 23, and regret exceedingly that owing to circumstances over which I have no control I am not permitted to accept the same.
Patriotism should prompt every good citizen of the United States to do all in his power to maintain the present gold standard for our currency. It is a strange thing that any farmer or other citizen of the State of Iowa (which has neither silver mines nor gold buillon) who buy money with cereals zen of the State of Iowa (which has heiner silver mines nor gold buillon) who buy money with cereals and meats should insist on being paid always only sixteen ounces of silver instead of one ounce of gold when they collect their dues from those who have purchased their products. Why are they unwilling to accept thirty-two ounces of silver, instead of sixteen, for the ounce of gold? Dealers in buillon will give only one ounce of gold for thirty-one or thirty-two ounces of silver. Do the farmers and other citizens of the Northwest know more about the real value of silver than those men who deal in the precious metals?

But if legislation can create an artificial value in

Hoping that the discredit, disgrace, dishonor and dishonesty of going to a silver basis in the United States may be averted, and predicting that, if it is not, those who may have brought this disaster upon the country will be the worst sufferers, the most denounced by their countrymen and the most despised by their own followers, I remain, very respectfully yours,

J. STERLING MORTON.

Jacksonville, Ill., Aug. 23.-Judge Edward Scott, of this city, member of the State Board of Equalizachairman of the Railway Committee thereof, has declared himself for honest money. He says: "Although I am a warm personal friend of William J. Bryan, I cannot support him on any such platform as that adopted at the Chicago Conven-tion. I am not a silver man now, and never have been, as I believe such a policy the sure way to financial ruin and disaster."

OREGON DELEGATES TO INDIANAPOLIS. Portland, Ore., Aug. 23.-The Sound Money Demoerday, at which 89 delegates were present, the majority of whom were Federal officials. A platform denouncing the action of the Chicago Convention and indorsing the present Administration was adopted, eight delegates to the Indianapolis Convention were selected and a State Central Committee named, which will nominate Presidential electors.

A SOUND MONEY TICKET CERTAIN. Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 23.-Chairman Bynum of the National Democratic Executive Committee veserday said:

"Any rumor to the effect that Mr. Cleveland has written to me or has in any way indicated any indisposition toward the nomination of a ticket is utterly without foundation. Furthermore, this Convention will without any manner of doubt nominate a Democratic candidate for President and Vice-President upon a Democratic platform."

BILL'S CALL UPON JOHN.

AN ALLEGED RECOGNITION WHICH WAS FAR FROM MUTUAL.

A man stood on the shady side of West-st. late one recent afternoon. The tide of commuters had begun to set strongly toward New-Jersey, and the clerks in the produce shop just opposite had al-ready begun preparations for closing for the day. Over the door of the shop was a sign that read, "John Jenkins & Son, Produce at Wholesale and Retail." The idler across the street was observing to that class of travellers who love leisure and hand-painted, and his clothes had. like their wearer, seen better days. They could not by any possibility have seen worse ones.

Slowly the man crossed the street and entered the store. Carefully he picked his way among the boxes and harrels, until he reached the rear of the Here he looked about until he noticed a tall. elderly man, who seemed to be in charge. He stopped in front of him, and, with tears in his voice, said huskily: "Hello, John."

The elderly man turned and looked at him. "Well, he said, tentatively." "Don't you remember me, John?" asked the stranger, mournfully.
"Can't say I do," returned the proprietor of the show."

The stranger wiped away a tear. "Dear me, dear me," he murmured thickly, "How time does alter us. Is it possible you don't remember Bill?"

"Look here!" said the tall man, sharply, "I'm busy Get out." "Look here!" said the tall man, sharply, I'm busy. Get out." The stranger choked down a rising sob. "For the sake of old times, John," he said, "lend me 50

sake of old times, John, he said, iend me accents.

A strong hand was suddenly laid upon the remants of Bill's collar. Another hand selzed the patches upon the things he would have called his barrel, and a healthy No. 5 shoe propelled him toward the door. He landed in a barrel of potatoes, whence a muscular clerk extracted him and threw him into the street. Bill landed on all fours. His toilet was considerably disarranged, but his aspect of settled melancholy was undisturbed.

Slowly he got upon his feet, and, wiping the dust carefully from his coattails, he murmured mournfully: 'Dear me, dear me, how saily John's prosperity has changed him.'

Colgate & Co's

VIOLET WATER

HE WILL SPEAK TO A LARGE DELEGA-TION OF FARMERS TO-DAY.

A GREAT DEMAND FOR HIS RECENT SPEECHES,

WHICH ARE NOW BROUGHT OUT IN BOOK FORM-A WIDESPREAD DEMAND

FOR SOUND-MONEY

Canton, Ohio, Aug. 23 .- After a week of uncommonly hard work Major McKinley enjoyed a day of absolute rest. The weather was inclement in the morning and has remained so throughout. In the afternoon Mr. and Mrs.

McKinley went out for a drive. Charles G. Dawes, member of the National Executive Committee, and Major Dick, who is also an important factor in the Western headquarters, came to Canton to consult with Major McKinley. They had a long talk over the situation in the West.

Major McKinley expects to be extremely busy this week. He will make two speeches on Monday, one to a delegation of farmers from Knox County, Ohio, and the other to a number of pot-There have been a great many farmers in several of the delegations which have come to Canton, but there has been no delegation composed exclusively of farmers, and the one coming tomorrow will be the first of that description. The farmers have not come in large delegations for the reason that they have been very busy since the nomination of Major McKinley with their harvests. During the months of September and October a large number of farmers will call on Major McKinley. Upward of a thousand are coming on one excursion, and a good many letters have been received here from farming communities, indicating that the desire to see Major McKinley is widespread.

Major McKinley's speech to the farmers, who call on him on Monday, will be scanned with unusual interest, for it will be his first direct talk in this campaign to the class which is said to be most generally and seriously in favor of free

The demand for political literature is widespread, insistent and earnest. Not only are all committee headquarters overburdened with requests for documents, but Major McKinley's mail contains daily a score of letters asking for them. These letters are always referred to the State or National committees, and the writers would save time by so addressing them in the

Between the first of this week and the third day of November Major McKinley expects to make a great many speeches, probably not fewer than fifty. He has already made half a hundred since his nomination, and they have been collected and printed in a neat paper-bound booklet which will be ready for distribution here to-mor-

There will be another edition of his speeches about October I. The demand for them is so great, notwithstanding the fact that they are all published in the newspapers, that it has been found necessary to print them in book form.

Major McKinley still insists that he will take

no holiday during the campaign, but he has promised to go to Zoar, about eighteen miles from Canton, where he hopes to remain two or three days. He will also make a few very brief visits to Cleveland during the campaign, and all the rest of the time he will spend in Canton

A BUSINESS MAN'S OBSERVATIONS. EVERY AMERICAN IN EUROPE ANXIOUS TO GET HOME TO VOTE AGAINST BRYAN AND

FREE SILVER.

Washington, Aug. 23 (Special.)-John B. Daish, of the firm of S. S. Daish & Son, grain and coal dealers, of Washington, has just returned from a trip through England and France. A "Washington Times" reporter called upon Mr. Daish last night and had a pleasant chat with him in regard to his trip and what he learned about finances while away. Among other things, Mr. Daish said: the event of Bryan's election large sums of foreign capital would undoubtedly be withdrawn from this country. The Americans, as a nation and as in dividuals, are considerably indebted to the European countries, and when by reason of a change of Ad ministration or threatened legislation which would have the effect of depreciating the currency the pose of his securities we would undoubtedly have panic exceeding in its severity any that has ever taken place in this country. No one would venture to predict the value of our securities should such a

state of affairs come about. "At the present time those who have capital in vested in this country are on the fence. They do not know whether to dispose of their securities at or 10 cents less on the dollar, or to hold on until a President shall be elected and the party which elects him tries to carry out its platform. It is current rumor in this country that money is tight scarcity of money to-day would be like the horn of plenty. The Englishman, however, has great faith in our good sense, our energy and ability. He believes that the better judgment of the American people will prevail, and that they will never suffer any depreciation of the currency which would allow the debtors to pay off their indebtedness in depreciated coin.

"I am neither a prophet nor the son of prophet, but I venture the assertion that if next November the American people choose Mr. Bryan for President we shall see within fifteen days the greatest upheaval of values that the world has

greatest uphenval of values that the world has ever witnessed.

"A great deal is current in the American newspapers of to-day about the free-silver countries of Europe. Our editors are being educated in the legal-tender qualities of French and other silver. Whatever may be the laws upon the subject, they are of little avail. A gold coin of any denomination passes for its face value anywhere in Europe, but if one is unfortunate enough to secure, as I did, an Italian five-franc silver piece, and endeavor to pay a bill in France with the same, he will find that it is only worth two francs fifty centimes, being one-half of its face value. The same is also true of the smaller silver pieces. A two-franc silver piece is worth but one franc in any other country than that in which it is issued, with the exception that the French coin is taken for its face value in Beiglum. In other words, the silver coin of tha so-called free-silver countries hears the same relation to the money of any country that the Mexican dollar does to our own currency.

money of any country that the Mexican dollar does to our own currency.

"I met a great many Americans whom I know, and was introduced to others. With them the political situation was the one absorbing topic. It was not my privilege to meet any one who was willing to vote for Bryan and free silver. The opinion of all may be summed up in the expression of a German president of a National bank, who has won his spurs in finance. He told me that he had voted the Democratic ticket in National, State and local elections ever since he had been old enough to vote, but that this fall he felt himself under the necessity of casting his ballot for McKinley. If the ocean greyhounds will carry the passengers, every American entitled to vote will be present on Election Day and cast his ballot for McKinley and Hobart.

"Europeans believe that a radical depreciation of our currency would throw this country back among the countries of the world from fifteen to twenty years. They believe that, notwithstanding the high rank which we now occupy, with a depreciated currency we would be placed on a par with Mexico and other countries where sliver is the basis of the currency. The foreigner also appreciates the fact that no small amount of the silver agitation is being caused by the owners of silver mines in this country."

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HOT WORK AHEAD.

A BUSY WEEK FOR THE NATIONAL COM-MITTEE.

SENATOR QUAY AND MR. MANLEY EXPECTED HERE-THE SOUTH AND NEW-ENGLAND TO BE ATTENDED TO.

awalted with the greatest interest in New-York. Each day sees a number of inquiries at Republican National headquarters as to the probable date of its being made public. It was learned yesterday from one of the Republican leaders who is assistng in the conduct of the present campaign that the letter would in all probability be ready some time this week. He said that the Major was now revis

The headquarters in Madison-ave, were de-Mr. Hanna was in Marblehead, Mass., getting a few hours' much needed rest; General Clayton was in the country, and Mr. Scott also spent the day away.

The coming week is to be a busy one for the Na-

tional Committee, and work will reach its highest tension. Mr. Hanna will be here until about Satirday, when he will start for Chicago. He wishes to attend the mass-meeting at Carnegie Hall on Thursday night to hear ex-President Harrison's address. Then he will consult with representative of the State organization about the method of con ducting the campaign in the State. These confer ences will be held after the Saratoga Convention is over and the Republican politicians have returned Senator Quay is expected here about Tuesday. will come directly from the South, where he has been tarpon fishing. While supposedly looking after fish, the Senator has had out other lines than fishing lines, and he will give to Mr. Hanna what information he has about the South and the possibility of the Republican ticket making inroads upon the Democratic section. While the South is to be looked over, New-England will also be. Joseph II. Manley, of Maine, the New-England member of the Executive Committee, is expected to be in the city for a day this week. He will talk with Mr. Hanna

Executive Committee, is expected to be in the city for a day this week. He will talk with Mr. Hanna about the local elections in Vermont and Maine, which are to take place in September, and redoubled efforts to making a tremendous showing for the ticket in these States will be started.

Mr. Hanna ever since he came East has been constantly applying the lever to make the wheels move faster. He believes in keeping the pace just as hot as possible. Speaking of the situation before he left the city Saturday night, he remarked: "We work all day, and count results at night, and each night shows a decided gain upon the previous day. The free-silver disease is yielding to the treatment of a campaign of education, and we are making sreat headway. The silver men, however, are good campaigners, and they are making a vigorous struggle to uphold their faith. In the West they have resorted to street-corner and curbstone arguments. A number of men, especially in Chicago and through the West, are kept by the silver men in constant commission as street orators."

Anticipating the coming of Mr. Manley and the reports from Maine, Mr. Hanna said that he hall every hope that Maine would give its usual rousing Republican majority this year, and perhaps improve upon the last figures. The fact that the Democratic candidate for Vice-President came from that State, who has always been at the head of the Democratic organization there, Mr. Hanna thought, might tend to cut off a few votes from the Republican column, but not many, He remarked that the factional troubles in Delaware and other States were going through a self-healing process, and that there were no rabid factional disputes anywhere. "The issues," he said, "are so vital that they overshadow all differences of a local nature, or organization disputes, and these will be overlooked at least until the campaign is fought out."

WHY MEXICO IS PROSPEROUS. THE SILVER STANDARD A LOAD FOR THE COUN-TRY TO CARRY.

Washington, Aug. 23 (Special).-"The Republic of Mexico is undoubtedly in a very flourishing condition," said W. H. Alexander, an American who has lived for the last eight years at the capital of that country. "Mexico is prosperous, not because she is on a silver basis, but in spite of it. Her prosperity is due to the fact that only of late have her superb material resources commenced to at-tract the attention of people who were able to develop them. It is at once an old country and a new ne, and every new country feels the life and business activity that belong to the pioneer stage. President Diaz would regard it as the crowning act of his career could he piace Mexico on a gold basis, then she would ask no odds of any nation on earth. He knows that her money is depreciated solely because the finances rest on a silver basis. Goods of all kinds are very high in Mexico, and wages are very low. The payment of \$2 to England for every one of the indebtedness held by that country is a constant strain on the people, but as long as silver monometallism exists it cannot be different.

"Many Americans are coming into Mexico, and there are more opportunities for making money than in any country I know of. Coffee planting is an especially lucrative business, and there are vast tracts of land that are still awaiting cultivation. Despite the fact of its southern location, the climate is far superior to that of the United States. People, who leave there in summer for this country go with regret." ness activity that belong to the ploneer stage.

THE OUTLOOK IN UTAH. A STRONG AND GROWING SENTIMENT FOR GOLD IN THE STATE.

Washington, Aug. 23 (Special).-"It is the general supposition in the East that every man in Utah is wild for free silver," said Gill S. Peyton, of Salt Lake, at the Metropolitan. "That idea is a mistake. Any number of our people are for gold, and large per cent of the Republicans will vote for McKinley. Among the men whom I am closely associated with in business, only one is an advocate of free coinage. At the same time, I have no doubt that Bryan will carry the State. It is a fact, however, that the sentiment for silver has shown signs of diminishing strength recently.
"Utah is to-day in a highly satisfactory condi-

tion, and I believe that in the next five years it will go to the front more rapidly than any other will go to the front more rapidly than any other State in the Union. Our resources are so varied and enormous that prosperity is bound to come. I was the second man who got into the Mercur mining district in 1859. It was an abandoned sliver camp, having been a lively place twenty years before. No miner would admit that gold existed there, but in a few months we began to find paying ore by the application of the cyanide process to the raw ores, which I was the first to introduce in this country. The Mercur district has developed into a great producer of the yellow metal, and there are now five mines, with a total monthly output of about \$100,000. That this amount will be speedily increased is a certainty, for outside capital is coming in to assist in the work of development."

AN ELECTOR'S ELIGIBILITY DOUBTED. Springfield, Mass., Aug. 23.-Some question has been made as to whether ex-Governor William H. Halle,

made as to whether ex-tovernor william H. Halle, who is to be the Republican elector-at-large for this end of the State, is not disqualified for taking the position, on account of his being a director in the Pynchon National Pank, and he will probably resign his directorship rather than run the risk.

GOING TO CONVENTION BY WHEEL.

Captain H. K. O'Connell and fifteen members of the McKinley Bicycle League left the city yesterday afternoon on the Saratoga, of the Citizens' Line, for Troy, their ultimate destination being Saratoga. where they will attend the Republican State Conven tion. It was expected that many more would start on the boat, but a number had gone on Saturday and still more will go to-day from the Grand Central Sta-

tion. In all 200 members of the League will meet in Troy to-day and will wheel from there to Saratoga, a distance of about thirty miles. The uniform will be white duck trousers and white caps.

Amasa Thornton and Secretary Manchester, of the Republican County Committee, are members of the League. They went up on Saturday by train and took their wheels along. They will join the others in Troy.

NOMINATIONS FOR CONGRESS.

Louisville, Ky., Aug. 23.-Official returns from the XIth District Republican Congress primary gave the

nomination to Congressman D. G. Colson by 576 votes. Ex-Congressman John Dwight, his opponent, has filed notice of contest.

The Democrats of the IVth District have nominated ex-State Senator D. H. Smith for Congress.

Vallejo, Cal. Aug. 23.—F. G. Hilliborn, of Alameda, was renominated for Congress by the Hild Congress District Republican Convention yesterday. The platform adopted indorses McKinley and Hobart and the St. Louis platform.

Cookeville, Tenn., Aug 23 (Special).—The Republican Congress Convention at this place last week for the IVth District was the largest and most enthusiastic ever held here. Strong resolutions were adopted for honest money, reciprocity, protection and for a reformation of the State Government. C. H. Whitney, of Cookeville, was nominated by acclamation for Congress and Van N. Smith, of Buffalo Valley, for elector. Mr. Whitney is recognized as one of the most active workers in the district, and will at once enter upon an aggressive campaign. He will receive the active support of not only his own party, but of hundreds of Democrats.

AN ENTOMBED MINER RESCUED. Hazleton, Penn., Aug. 23.-While a number of

miners were engaged yesterday morning in timbering up the gangway of the Coleraine Colliery to prevent threatened cave-in, a squeeze took place, and before all the men could get out the collapse came. Michael Shigo was dragged from under the falling rocks with EDWARD MILLER & CO., Manufacturers, Established 1844.

Be and 50 West Broadway, and 66 Park Place, New-York.

This legs broken. A car was being dragged through the gangway at the time, and Columbian Rorlty happened to graph the end while the place was closing in about him, and was drawn out with no worse injuries



COWPERTHWAIT'S Reliable Of rare beauty.

Carpets. Persian and Moorish of rare beauty.

LOWEST PRICES. Persian and Moorish designs LONG CREDIT.

than some bad bruises. Peter Like, a laborer, missed the car and was left in the mine.

After the disturbance subsided somewhat rescuing parties attempted to go down after Like, but could not go all the way. Like was 100 feet below, but his cries could be distinctly heard. All the afternoon rescuers attempted to reach him, but it was midnight before they got to the man and took him out alive. His escape from death is marvellous, as he was carried down with 100 tons of rock into a cavity. He is now at the hospital in a critical condition, but may recover.

MANY KILLED BY LIGHTNING.

DESTRUCTION OF PROPERTY AND LOSS OF LIFE CAUSED BY STORMS IN THE WEST.

Chicago, Aug. 23.-Dispatches from points in Indiana and Ohio report severe storms last night, accompanied by much destruction of property by light. ning and some fatalities. Telegraphic communication is greatly impaired and full reports are hard to obtain

At Indianapolis the wind reached hurricane velocity, but no serious property loss was sustained, nor were any lives lost. The rainfall was very heavy. Near Rome City, Ind., a large barn was destroyed by lightning, and Arthur Foss, aged fourteen, was killed. Early Saturday morning storms in the same territory were equally destructive.

At Ellwood, Ind., lightning demolished the Rev. T. J. Wright's house. All the family escaped injury but Mr. Wright, who was burned and paralyzed from the waist down.

Greensburg, Ind., reports heavy damage to crops and several bridges washed away. Mrs. John Baumgardner, of Wabash, was struck by lightning and fatally injured. Lester Bliss and Neill Bliss, at Delphos. Ohlo, were killed by lightning.

At Hobart, Ind., the dwelling of a man named

Smith was demolished by lightning and the entire family killed. At Huntington, Ind., Wallace's show tents were wrecked at 6:30 o'clock last evening by the storm, the horses and menagorie were stampeded and much property was ruined. The elephants caused a panic. The storm unroofed several buildings and blew down a wall of the new Griffith block.

St. Louis, Aug 23.-A severe windstorm visited the States of Illnois, Missouri, Arkansas, Texas and Oklahoma Territory last night. Several lives were lost and much property was destroyed. Electrical discharges and heavy rain accompanied the storm of

At Effingham, Ill., the electric light plant, the Austin planing mill, the trade palace and the Austin College were unroofed. All wires are dows, and the city is in darkness to-night.

At Mendota, Iil., Pohl's hotel and several residences were unroofed. All the grain fields about Mascoutah, Ill., were destroyed. At West Plains, Mo., the storm was severe upon light structures. The grandstand at blown down and fifteen persons were injured.

Near Browning, Mo., the farmhouse of Thomas Gooch was blown down. Gooch's wife and infant san were killed. The public school building at James, Mo., was totally wrecked and the Drummond Hotel unrucfed.

At Edlina, Mo., Peter Lorey, a boy, was killed by a falling tree. the ball park, where a game was being played, was

At Edina, Mo., Peter Lorey, a boy, was saled of falling tree.

At Fort Worth, Tex., a general rain fell for the first time in over three months. The downpour extended into the Pan Handle country as far as Clarendon and on the Texas and Pacific West to Midand.

At Guthrie, Okla., the long dry spell was broken by a heavy rain, the temperature dropping nearly 40 degrees in a few hours.

TOUCHED BY A FLYING TORNADO.

Effingham, III., Aug. 23.—The intense heat yesterday ended with a tornado at 5.20 o'clock last evening. The storm came up with unprecedented rapidity, at 5 o'clock there being no appearance of The path of the tornado was in the south part of the city and was only a few hundred feet in width, but where it dipped down it scattered desplation and tuin. The new Methodist Church, the powerhouse of the electric light plant, Austin Col-lege, the furniture factory and the canning factory were in the way. The tower of the church was demolished, the damage to the building being lege, the furniture factory and the canning were in the way. The tower of the churs demolished, the damage to the building large. The roofs and tops of the building electric light house, the college and the tories were carried away. Streets are blocks shade trees and electric light and telephon that were torn up and scattered. The dwill foot up \$15,000 to \$20,000. The damage

AN APPEAL FOR THE FEEBLE BABIES.

EVERY CRIB IN THE FLOATING HOSPITAL OF ST. TOHN'S GUILD STILL CROWDED AND CON-TRIBUTIONS URGENTLY NEEDED

The recent heat brought many hundreds of older children to the piers from which the Floating Hospital started, who were turned back because the hospital was already filled by is cooler, the larger children play in the streets or harities; but the Floating Hospital still has its mission among the feeble babies, who have survived the effects of the terrible nine days of heat. out who were prestrated almost to the point of ollapse. Every crib in both wards is full, and loctors and nurses are more than busy with little ones who need the tonic of the salt air, impossible for them to find elsewhere.

The trustees of St. John's Guild will continue this hospital inbor on behalf of little children and in-fants as long as the need continues and the funds permit, and they ask not only a continuance of the frect contributions, which have so far helped to sustain both the Floating and Seaside hospitals. but also that the guild's work may be remembered by the projectors of entertainments at summer re-

by the projectors of entertainments at summer resorts. Let well children and grateful parents elsewhere be mindful of sick little folk who can only leave the city on the Floating Hospital.

Among recent contributions gratefully received are the following: William Steinway ione trip of Floating Hospital), \$25c, entertainment given at Elsewight Steinway ione trip of Floating Hospital), \$25c, which was a summer of the fill of

AN ARMY OFFICER DEFENDS HAZING.

From The Atlanta Constitution.

From The Atlanta Constitution.

A young army officer was discussing the recent expulsion of the two West Point cadets by President Cleveland.

"These extreme measures," he said, "are unusual it is indicative of the fact, however, that the authorities are determined to call a halt on plebe jumping. "A faise impression prevails concerning the methods of hazing at the Point. Violent cases are rare. The effect of jumping is to take the brazen impudence out of an assumptive beast who comes to the academy with the idea that he ranks as high as General Miles and the Point. These are born of long practice. It is no mistake to humiliate a fellow who is artificially supercilious. It does him good.

"I knew a good case several years ago, A pice came in with his head lifted high. The yearlings had spotted him. Some one got hold of his home paper containing a half-column account of his appointment.

"This was presented to the young man upon his arrival. He was ordered to get out in front of his texture."

This was presented to the young man upon his arThis was presented to get out in front of his tent
and read in the same tone the adjutant published his
orders. Next morning he was marched out and ordered to read it again. For two weeks every morning at the same hour he was required to read the
notice of his appointment. It was a splendid experience for him.

rience for him. 'Such hazing as this should not be condemned." He-Miss Uptodate's bicycle rigging is pretty loud, isn't it?

Her Rival—Loud! I should say it was Every
time she passes a vacant barn by the roadside
her bloomers create an echo.—(Buffalo Express.)

CASTORIA